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LK204-7T-1U

Including the LK204-7T-1U-USB variant

Technical Manual

Revision 2.6

PCB Revision: 1.0 or Higher

Firmware Revision: 5.0 or Higher

Revision History

Revision	Date	Description	Author
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2.5	June 26, 2014	Revision to GPO On and Off commands and LED Indicator Table	Martino
2.4	March 12, 2014	Revision and correction to Colour in Ordering Options	Martino
2.3	March 10, 2014	Revision to the Dimensional Drawing	Martino
2.2	June 24, 2013	Updated Power/Communication Header	Clark
2.1	October 29, 2012	Updated Alternate Power Header	Clark
2.0	December 14, 2011	Initial Release	Clark

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1 Introduction

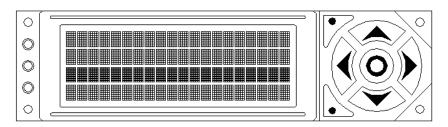


Figure 1: LK204-7T-1U Display

The LK204-7T-1U is an intelligent alphanumeric liquid crystal display designed to decrease development time by providing an instant solution to any project. In addition to the RS232, TTL and I2C protocols available in the standard model, the USB communication model allow the LK204-7T-1U to be connected to a wide variety of host controllers. Communication speeds of up to 115.2kbps for serial protocols and 100kbps for I²C ensure lightning fast text and graphic display.

The simple command structure permits easy software control of many settings including backlight brightness, screen contrast, and baud rate. On board memory provides up to forty custom characters which can be saved within the unit and recalled for start screens, bar graphs or larger numbers.

User input on the LK204-7T-1U is available through a built-in seven key tactile keypad. Three bi-colour LEDs provide visual outputs on each model. In addition, the option of a Dallas One-Wire header provides a communication interface for up to thirty-two devices.

The versatile LK204-7T-1U, with all the features mentioned above, is available in a variety of colour, voltage, and temperature options to suit almost any application.

2 Quick Connect Guide

2.1 Available Headers

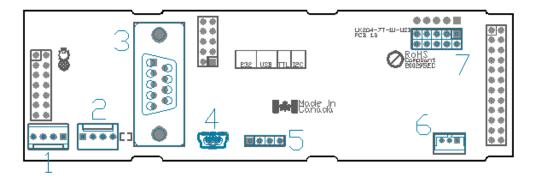


Figure 2: LK204-7T-1U Header Locations

Table 1: List of Available Headers

#	Header	Mate	Population	
1	Alternate Power Connector	PCS	All Models	
2	Communication/Power Connector	SCCPC5V/BBC	Standard Model Only	
3	DB9 Serial Header	CSS1FT/CSS4FT	Standard Model Only	
4	Mini USB Connector	EXTMUSB3FT/INTMUSB3FT	USB Model Only	
5	Alternate USB	None Offered	By Custom Request Only	
6	Dallas One-Wire	Temperature Probe	By Custom Request Only	
7	GPO Header	None Offered	All Models	

2.2 Standard Module

The standard version of the LK204-7T-1U allows for user configuration of three common communication protocols. First, the unit can communicate using serial protocol at either RS323 or TTL voltage levels. Second, it can communicate using the Inter-Integrated Circuit connect, or I²C protocol. Connections for each protocol can be accessed through the four pin Communication/Power Header as outlined in the Serial Connections and I²C Connections sections below.

Recommended Parts



The most common cable choice for any alphanumeric Matrix Orbital Display, the Communication/ Power Cable offers a simple connection to the unit with familiar interfaces. DB9 and floppy power headers provide all necessary input to drive your display.

For a more flexible interface to the LK204-7T-1U a Breadboard Cable may be used. This provides a simple four wire connection that is popular among developers for its ease of use in a breadboard

Figure 3: Communication/Power Cable (SCCPC5V)



Figure 4: Breadboard Cable (BBC)

Serial Connections

A serial interface provides a classic connection to the LK204-7T-1U. The Communication/Power Cable is most commonly used for this set up as it provides connections for DB9 serial and floppy power cables. To place your board in Serial mode, adhere to the steps laid out below.

- 1. Set the Protocol Select jumpers.
 - RS232: Connect the three jumpers* in the 232 protocol box with the zero ohm jumper resistors provided or an alternate wire or solder solution.
 - TTL: Connect the two jumpers* in the TTL protocol box.

*Note: Jumpers must be removed from all protocol boxes save for the one in use.

environment.

- 2. Make the connections.
 - a. Connect the four pin female header of the Communication/Power Cable to the Communication/Power Header of your LK204-7T-1U.
 - b. Insert the male end of your serial cable to the corresponding DB9 header of the Communication/Power Cable and the mate the female connector with the desired communication port of your computer.
 - c. Select an unmodified floppy cable from a PC power supply and connect it to the power header of the Communication/Power Cable.
- 3. Create.
 - uProject or a terminal program will serve to get you started, and then move on with your own development. Instructions for the former can be found below and a variety of application notes are available for the latter at <u>www.matrixorbital.ca/appnotes</u>.

I²C Connections

A more advanced connection to the LK204-7T-1U is provided by the I^2C protocol setting. This is best accomplished using a breadboard and the Breadboard Cable. Power must be supplied from your breadboard or another external source. To dive right into your application and use the LK204-7T-1U in I^2C mode, get started with the guidelines below.

- 1. Set the Protocol Select switches.
 - I²C: Ensure that the two I²C jumpers in the corresponding protocol box are connected while all others are open.
- 2. Make the connections.
 - a. Connect the Breadboard Cable to the Communication/Power Header on your LK204-7T-1U and plug the four leads into your breadboard. The red lead will require power, while the black should be connected to ground, and the green and yellow should be connected to your controller clock and data lines respectively.
 - b. Pull up the clock and data lines to five volts using a resistance between one and ten kilohms on your breadboard.
- 3. Create.
 - This time you're on your own. While there are many examples within the Matrix Orbital AppNote section, <u>www.matrixorbital.ca/appnotes</u>, too many controllers and languages exist to cover them all. If you get stuck in development, it is possible to switch over to another protocol on the standard board, and fellow developers are always on our forums for additional support.

2.3 USB Module

The LK204-7T-1U-USB offers a single USB protocol for an easy connection to a host computer. This simple and widely available protocol can be accessed using the on board mini B style USB connector as outlined in the USB Connections section.

Recommended Parts



The External Mini USB cable is recommended for the LK204-7T-1U-USB display. It will connect to the miniB style header on the unit and provide a connection to a regular A style USB connector, commonly found on a PC.

USB Connections

The USB connection is the quickest, easiest solution for PC development. After driver installation, the LK204-7T-1U-USB will be accessible through a virtual serial port, providing the same result as a serial setup without the cable hassle. To connect to your LK204-7T-1U-USB please follow the steps below.

- 1. Set the Protocol Select jumpers.
 - USB: The LK204-7T-1U-USB offers USB protocol only. Model specific hardware prevents this unit from operating in any other protocol, and does not allow other models to operate in USB.
 Protocol Select jumpers on the USB model cannot be moved.
- 2. Make the connections.
 - Plug the mini-B header of your External Mini USB cable into your LK204-7T-1U-USB and the regular USB header into your computer USB jack.
- 3. Install the drivers.
 - a. Download the latest drivers at <u>www.matrixorbital.ca/drivers</u>, and save them to a known location.
 - b. When prompted, install the USB bus controller driver automatically
 - c. If asked, continue anyway, even though the driver is not signed
 - d. When the driver install is complete, your display will turn on, but communication will not yet be possible.
 - e. At the second driver prompt, install the serial port driver automatically
 - f. Again, if asked, continue anyway
- 4. Create.
 - Use uProject or a terminal program to get started, and then move on with your own development. Instructions for the former can be found below and a number of application notes are available for the latter at <u>www.matrixorbital.ca/appnotes</u>.

3 Software

The multiple communication protocols available and simple command structure of the LVK204-25 means that a variety of applications can be used to communicate with the display. Text is sent to the display as a character string, for example, sending the decimal value 41 will result in an 'A' appearing on the screen. A number of control characters are also activated. Commands are merely values prefixed with a special command byte, 254 in decimal. While many software programs are available to communicate with the LVK204-25, a number of more common samples are detailed in depth below.

Table 2: Reserved Control Characters



Once the correct communication port is identified, the following communication settings can be applied to communicate correctly with the LK204-7T-1U.

Table 3: Communication Settings

BPS	Data Bits	Parity	Stop Bits	Flow Control
19200	8	None	1	None

Finally, with a communication port identified and correctly setup simple text strings or even command bytes can easily be transmitted to control your display.

3.1 uProject

The Matrix Orbital alphanumeric display tuner, or uProject, is offered as a free download from the www.matrixorbital.ca support site. It allows the basic functionality of any display* to be tested using a simple graphical user interface system.

While basic functionality can be tested using the GUI portion of the program, more advanced users will enjoy the scripting capability found in the uploader tab. Here commands can be stacked, run, and saved for later use. Although many commands are available to be dragged into the script dialog, perhaps the most powerful is the raw data command found in the other branch.

*Note: The uProject AutoDetect function will not perform correctly when a USB display is connected. Please manually configure any USB display.

This command allows raw bytes to be sent to the display, permitting many different formats for entry and displaying in decimal notation. Any command from this manual may be entered in decimal notation separated by slashes.

/254/ /88/

Figure 6: uProject Command

Again, the clear screen command is sent to a connected display, this time using uProject raw data command style. Scripts can be run as a whole using the execute command from the script menu, or as single commands by selecting execute once. Before issuing commands, it is a good idea to ensure communication with a display is successful using some of the more basic GUI functions in the main window.

This program provides scratch pad upon which a tome of display projects and ideas can be assembled.

3.2 Application Notes

Full demonstration programs and code are available for Matrix Orbital Displays in the C# language from Simple C# AppNote Pack in the Application Note section at <u>www.matrixorbital.ca/appnotes</u>. Difficulty increases from beginner, with the Hello World program, to advanced with the Dallas One-Wire temperature reading application.

Many additional applications are available in a number of different programming languages. These programs are meant to showcase the capability of the display and are not intended to be integrated into a final design. For additional information regarding code, please read the On Code document also found on the support site.

4 Hardware

4.1 Standard Model





Figure 7: Extended Communication/Power Header

Table 4: Communication/Power Pinout

Pin	Function
1	Vcc
2	Rx (SCL)
3	Tx (SDA)
4	Gnd

The Extended Communication/Power Header provides a standard connector for interfacing to the LK204-7T-1U. Voltage is applied through pins one and four of the four pin Communication/Power Header. Please ensure the correct voltage input for your display by referencing Voltage Specifications before connecting power. Pins two and three are reserved for serial transmission, using either the RS-232/TTL or clocking data through the I²C protocol, depending on what has been selected by the Protocol Select Jumpers. The versatile Tyco 640456-4-LF style header used can be mated to a number of connectors, the Molex 22-01-3047 for example.

Serial DB9 Connector

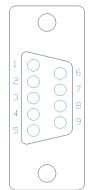
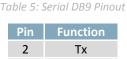


Figure 8: Serial DB9 Connector



3	Rx
5	Gnd
9	NC/Vcc*

The LK204-7T-1U provides a DB-9 Connector to readily interface with serial devices using EIA232 standard signal levels. It is also possible to communicate at TTL levels of 0 to +5V by setting the Protocol Select Jumpers to TTL. As an added feature it is also possible to apply power through pin 9 of the DB-9 Connector in order to reduce cable clutter. A standard male DB9 header will provide the perfect mate for this connector.

*Note: Do not apply voltage through pin 9 of the DB-9 Connector AND through the Communication/Power Header at the same time.

Power Through DB9 Jumper

In order to provide power through pin 9 of the DB-9 Connector you must connect the Power Through DB-9 Jumper labelled with white brackets, as illustrated below. This connection can be made using a zero ohm resistor, recommended size 0603, or a solder bridge. The LK204-7T-1U allows all voltage models to use the power through DB-9 option, see the Voltage Specifications for power requirements.

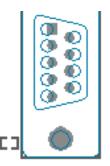


Figure 9: Power Through DB9 Jumper

Protocol Select Jumpers

The Protocol Select Jumpers provide the means necessary to toggle the LK204-7T-1U between RS-232, TTL and I²C protocols. As a default, the jumpers are set to RS-232 mode with solder jumps on the RS232 jumpers. In order to place the display module in I²C mode you must first remove the solder jumps from the RS232 jumpers and then place them on the I²C jumpers. The display will now be in I²C mode and have a default slave address of 80, unless changed with the appropriate command. Similarly, in order to change the display to TTL mode, simply remove the zero ohm resistors from the RS232 or I²C jumpers and solder them to the TTL jumpers.

4.2 USB Model

Mini USB Connector

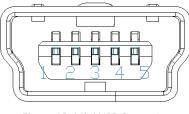


Figure 10: Mini USB Connector

Table 6: Mini USB Pinout

Pin	Function
1	Vcc
2	D-
3	D+
5	Gnd

The LK204-7T-1U-USB comes with a familiar Mini USB Connector to fulfill both communication and power needs. The standard MiniB style header can be connected to any other USB style using the appropriate cable. Most commonly used with a PC, this connection creates a virtual com port that offers a simple power solution with a familiar communication scheme.

Alternate USB Header

Some advanced applications may prefer the straight four pin connection offered through the Optional Alternate USB Header. This header offers power and communication access in a simple interface package. The Optional Alternate USB Header may be added to the LK204-7T-1U-USB for an added charge as part of a custom order. Please use the Contact section to request more information from the friendly Matrix Orbital sales team.

Alternate Power Connector



Figure 11: Alternate Power Connector

Table 7: Alternate Power Pinout

Pin	Function
1	Vcc
2	Gnd
3	Gnd
4	NC

The Alternate Power Connector provides the ability to power the LK204-7T-1U-USB using a second cable. The Tyco 171825-4 style header is particularly useful for connecting to an unmodified floppy power cable, a 171822-4 for example, from a PC power supply for a simple bench power solution.

4.3 Common Features

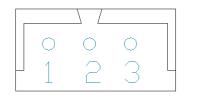
General Purpose Outputs

5	4	3	2	1		Table 8: GPO Pinout			
					Pin	Function	Pin	Functi	
					1	GPO 1	6	Vcc	
					2	GPO 2	7	Vcc	
					3	GPO 3	8	Vc	
J	Э	8	7	6	4	NC	9	Vc	
F	igure 1	2: GPO	Heade	r	5	Gnd	10	Vc	

A unique feature of the LK204-7T-1U is the ability to control relays* and other external devices using either one or six General Purpose Outputs. Each can source up to 10mA of current at five volts when on or sink 20mA at zero volts when off. The two row, fourteen pin header can be interfaced to a number of female connectors to provide control to any peripheral devices required.

*Note: If connecting a relay, be sure that it is fully clamped using a diode and capacitor in order to absorb any electro-motive force (EMF) which will be generated.

Dallas One-Wire Connector



1
2

Table 9: Dallas One-Wire Pinout

Pin

3

Function

Vcc D

Gnd

Figure 13: Dallas One-Wire Connector

In addition to the six general purpose outputs the LK204-7T-1U offers an Optional Dallas One-Wire bridge, to allow for an additional thirty two one-wire devices to be connected to the display. This header can be populated with a Tyco 173979 connector at an added cost by custom order only. Please use the Contact section to request more information from the Matrix Orbital sales team.

5 Troubleshooting

5.1 Power

In order for your Matrix Orbital Display to function correctly, it must be supplied with the appropriate power. If the backlight is not illuminated, power may not be applied correctly. Try the tips below.

- First, check the power cable which you are using for continuity. If you don't have an ohm meter, try using a different power cable, if this does not help try using a different power supply.
- If power is applied through the DB9 connector, ensure that the Power Through DB9 Jumper is connected.
- If changes have been made to the protocol select block, ensure all the appropriate protocol select jumpers are connected and all unused protocol jumpers are disconnected.
- The last step will be to check the interface connector in use on your display. If the power connections have become loose, or you are unable to resolve the issue, please Contact Matrix Orbital for more information.

5.2 Display

If your display is powered successfully, the Matrix Orbital logo, or user created screen should display on start up. If this is not the case, check out these tips.

- Ensure the contrast is not too high or too low. This can result in a darkened or blank screen respectively. See the Manual Override section to reset to default.
- Make sure that the start screen is not blank. It is possible to overwrite the Matrix Orbital logo start screen, if this happens the screen may be blank. Try writing to the display to ensure it is functional, after checking the contrast above.

5.3 Communication

When communication of either text or commands is interrupted, try the steps below.

- First, check the communication cable for continuity. If you don't have an ohm meter, try using a different communication cable. If you are using a PC try using a different Com/USB Port.
- Next, please ensure that the display module is set to communicate on the protocol that you are using, by checking the Protocol Select Jumpers.
- In serial and USB protocols, ensure that the host system and display module are both communicating on the same baud rate. The default rate for the display module is 19200 bps.
- Match Rx from your display to the transmitting pin from your host and the Tx pin to the receiving pin.
- If you are communicating to the display via I²C* please ensure that the data is being sent to the correct address. The default slave address for the display module is 80.
- In I²C mode, connect Rx to the clock line of your controller and Tx to the data output.
- Unlock the display. See the Set and Save Data Lock command for more info.
- Finally, you may reset the display to its default settings using the Manual Override procedure outlined below.

*Note: I²C communication will always require pull up resistors on SCL and SDA of one to ten kilohms.

5.4 Manual Override

Should the settings of your display become altered in a way that dramatically impacts usability, the default settings can be temporarily restored. To override the display, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Disconnect power from your display.
- 2. Hold down the bottom left dot key.
- 3. Reconnect power to your unit, and wait for the start screen before releasing the key.
- 4. Settings will be temporarily** overridden to the defaults listed in the Manual Override Settings table. At this point any important settings, such as contrast, backlight, or baud rate, should not only be set but saved so they remain when the override is removed.

Parameter	Value
Backlight	255
Contrast	128
Baud Rate	19200
I ² C Address	80

Table 10: Manual Override Settings

**Note: The display module will revert back to the old settings once turned off, unless desired settings are saved.

6 Commands

6.1 Communication

1.1 Change	Dec	254 57	Speed	v5.0
Baud Rate	Hex	FE 39	Speed	
	ASCII	■ 9	Speed	
Immediately ch	nanges the	baud rate.	Not available in I2C. Baud rate can be temporarily forced to 19200 by a	
manual overric	le.			

Speed Byte Valid settings shown below.

Table 11: Accepted Baud Rate Values

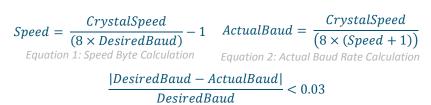
Rate	1200	2400	4800	9600	19200	28800	38400	57600	*76800	*115200
Speed	83	41	207	103	51	34	25	16	12	8

*Note: Baud rates 76800 and 115200 added after firmware revision 5.0 was released as per PCN 2006-08-2

1.2 Change I ² C	Dec	254 51	Address	v5.0
Slave Address	Hex	FE 33	Address	
	ASCII	3	Address	
Immediately cha	nges the I ²	² C write add	ess. Only even values are permi	tted as the next odd address will become
the read address	5. Default i	s 80.		
Address Byte	Even val	ue.		
1.3 Transmissior	n Dec	254 160	Protocol	v5.0
1.3 Transmissior Protocol Select	Dec Hex	254 160 FE A0		v5.0
				v5.0
Protocol Select	Hex ASCII	FE A0 ∎ á	Protocol Protocol	v5.0 transmission to the display is not affected.
Protocol Select Selects the proto	Hex ASCII	FE AO ■ á or data trans	Protocol Protocol	
Protocol Select Selects the proto	Hex ASCII pcol used for he protoco	FE A0 ■ á or data trans l in use to re	Protocol Protocol mission from the display. Data t	
Protocol Select Selects the proto Must be set to th	Hex ASCII pcol used for he protoco	FE A0 ■ á or data trans l in use to re	Protocol Protocol mission from the display. Data t ceive data correctly.	
Protocol Select Selects the proto Must be set to th	Hex ASCII pcol used for he protoco	FE A0 ■ á or data trans l in use to re	Protocol Protocol mission from the display. Data t ceive data correctly.	

1.4 Set a Non-Standard	Dec	254 164	Speed	v5	.0
Baud Rate	Hex	FE A4	Speed		
	ASCII	∎ ñ	Speed		
the second state is a state of the second state of				Consideration of the second size	1

Immediately changes the baud rate to a non-standard value. Speed must be a whole number between 977 and153800. Due to rounding, error increases with baud rate, actual baud must be within 3% of desired baud to ensureaccurate communication. Not available in I2C. Can be temporarily forced to 19200 by a manual override.SpeedWordCalculations shown below, standard crystal speed is 16MHz.



Equation 3: Baud Rate Error Calculation

	-	-	
6	·)		ovt
Ο.			CXL.

2.1 Clear	Dec	254 88
Screen	Нех	FE 58
	ASCII	X
Clears the c	ontents o	of the screen.

	_			
2.2 Change th	e Dec	254 64	Characters v5	5.0
Start Up Scree	n Hex	FE 40	Characters	
	ASCII	■ @	Characters	
Changes the n	nessage display	ed on start	t up. Custom characters can be included by adding their decimal value (0-	-
7). Characters	s will automatio	ally wrap o	on the display.	
Characters	80 bytes, space	e character	rs can be added as needed	

2.3 Auto	Dec	254 81			v5.0
Scroll On	Hex	FE 51			
	ASCII	Q			
The entire e		f anna an ana ahii	had up and line when the and of the severe is reached.	Disular, dafa, da i a	

The entire contents of screen are shifted up one line when the end of the screen is reached. Display default is on.

2.4 Auto	Dec	254 82				
Scroll Off	Нех	FE 52				
	ASCII	R R				

New text is written over the top line when the end of the screen is reached. Display default is Auto Scroll on.

2.5 Set Auto	Dec	254 67					١
Line Wrap On	Hex	FE 43					
	ASCII	C					

Text will wrap to the next consecutive line once a row becomes full. Default is Auto Line Wrap on.

2.6 Set Auto	Dec	254 68	v5	5.0
Line Wrap Off	Hex	FE 44		
	ASCII	D		
Tank will also as	a Dia a coda		and a new backware full Multiple and a will be accurated a 2-2 and there it	

Text will skip one line when wrapping once a row becomes full. Writing order will be rows 1, 3, 2, and then 4. Default is Auto Line Wrap on.

2.7 Set Cu	irsor	Dec	254 71	Column Row	v5.0
Position		Hex	FE 47	Column Row	
		ASCII	■ G	Column Row	
Sets the c	ursor to	a specific	cursor pos	ition where the next transmitted character is printed.	
Column	Byte	Value be	etween 1 an	d number of character columns.	
Row	Byte	Value be	etween 1 an	d number of character rows.	

2.8 Go	Dec 254 72	v5.0
Home	Hex FE 48	
	ASCII H	
Doturne	the cursor to the ton	left of the corresp

Returns the cursor to the top left of the screen.

2.9 Move	Dec 254	76	v5.0
Cursor Back	Hex FE	4C	
	ASCII	∎ L	
• •			

Moves cursor one position to the left. Cursor will obey wrap settings.

2.10 Move	Dec	254 77	v5.0
Cursor Forward	Hex	FE 4D	
	ASCII	■ M	
Moves cursor on	e position t	o the right.	Cursor will obey wrap settings.

2.11 Underline	Dec	254 74	v5.0
Cursor On	Hex	FE 4A	
	ASCII	∎ J	
Disclassical Press	المراجع المراجع الم		

Displays a line under the current cursor position. Can be used with block cursor.

Removes line under current cursor position.

2.13 Blinking	Dec 25	54 83
Block Cursor On	Hex	FE 53
	ASCII	■ S

Displays a blinking block over the current cursor position. Can be used with underline.

2.14 Blinking	Dec	254 84		v!
Block Cursor Off	Hex	FE 54		
	ASCII	■ T		

Removes blinking block over current cursor position.

6.3 Special Characters

Creates a custom character. Each character is divided into 8 rows of 5 pixels; each data byte represents one row. Each byte is padded by three zero bits followed by five bits representing each pixel state. A one represents an on condition while a zero is off. Characters are lost when a new memory bank is loaded, unless they are saved.

ID Byte Character ID, value between 0 and 7.

Data Byte[8] Character pixel data as shown below.

Table 12: Custom Degree Character

Data[1]	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	00001000	8
Data[2]	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	00010100	20
Data[3]	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	00001000	8
Data[4]	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	0000011	3
Data[5]	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	00000100	4
Data[6]	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	00000100	4
Data[7]	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	р5	0000011	3
Data[8]	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	00000000	0

	ve Custom	Dec	254 193	Bank ID Data			v5.0		
Charad	cters	Hex	FE C1	Bank ID Data					
		ASCII	∎ ñ	Bank ID Data					
Provid	Provides access to all memory banks to create and save custom characters, graph bars, and large digits. Any new								
				so care should	be taken when w	riting to any bar or c	ligit memory bank.		
Bank s	tructure is	shown below	Ν.						
Bank	Byte	1 byte, mer	nory bank I	ID, value betwe	een 0 and 4, as be	low.			
ID	Byte	1 byte, valu	e between	0 and 7.					
Data	Byte[8]	8 bytes, cha	aracter pixe	el data as above	2.				
0 Start-up Characters 1 Horizontal Bars 2 Vertical Bars 3 Medium Digits 4 Large Digits									
0	Start-u	p Characters	1 Hori	zontal Bars 2	Vertical Bars	3 Medium Digits	4 Large Digits		
0	Start-u	p Characters	1 Hori	zontal Bars 2	Vertical Bars	3 Medium Digits	4 Large Digits		
3.3 Lo	O Start-u ad Custom		1 Hori	zontal Bars 2 Bank	Vertical Bars	3 Medium Digits	4 Large Digits v5.0		
3.3 Los Charao	ad Custom				Vertical Bars	3 Medium Digits			
	ad Custom	Dec	254 192	Bank	Vertical Bars	3 Medium Digits			
Charao	ad Custom cters	Dec Hex ASCII	254 192 FE CO	Bank Bank Bank		3 Medium Digits	v5.0		
Charac Loads	ad Custom cters a bank of c	Dec Hex ASCII custom chara	254 192 FE CO ■ L Incters into r	Bank Bank Bank	e. Must be issued		v5.0		

3.4 Save Start	Up Dec 2	54 194	ID Data v5.0					
Screen Custon	h Hex	FE C2	ID Data					
Characters	ASCII	■⊤	ID Data					
	Saves a custom character to memory for the start up screen or repeated use. Start up characters are displayed by sending their ID to the screen.							
ID Byte	Value between	0 and 7.	'.					
Data Byte[8	Character pixel	data, se	ee Custom Degree Character example.					

3.5 Initialize	Dec	254 109			v5.0
Medium Numbers	Нех	FE 6D			
	ASCII	∎ m			

Loads the medium number custom character bank into memory. Medium numbers must be initialized before use.

3.6 Place	Mediur	m Dec	254 111	Row Column Digit v5.0					
Numbers		Нех							
		ASCII	SCII 🔹 o Row Column Digit						
Places a s	single medium decimal digit of 2 row height and 1 column width on the display at the position specified.								
Medium r	number	umbers must be initialized before being placed.							
Row	Byte	Value betwee	ue between 1 and 20.						
Column	Byte	Value betwee	alue between 1 and 4.						
Digit	Byte	e Single decimal digit to display.							

Large Numbers Hex FE 6E	3.7 Initialize	Dec	254 110	v5.0
ASCII D	Large Numbers	Hex	FE 6E	
		ASCII	∎ n	

Loads the large number custom character bank into memory. Large numbers must be initialized before use.

3.8 Place	Large	Dec	Dec 254 35 Column Digit v5.0								
Numbers		Hex	FE 23	Column Digit							
		ASCII	CII								
Places a s	ingle lar	ge decim	decimal digit, 4 rows in height and 3 columns in width, on the display at the position specified.								
Medium r	numbers	s must be	ust be initialized before being placed.								
Column	Byte	Value b	/alue between 1 and 20.								
Digit	Byte	Single o	Single decimal digit to display.								

3.9 Initialize	Dec	254 104	v5.0
Horizontal Bar	Нех	FE 68	
	ASCII	∎ h	
Loads the horizor	ntal bar gi	raph custom ch	aracter bank into memory. Horizontal bar characters must be initialized

Loads the horizontal bar graph custom character bank into memory. Horizontal bar characters must be initialized before a graph is displayed.

3.10 Place Bar Graph	Horizor	Hex FE 7C Column Rov	0				
		bar graph on the screen beginning at the length indicated. New bars will overwrite	e column and row specified. The bar extends either e old.				
Column	Byte	byte, value between 1 and 20					
Row	Byte	byte, value between 1 and 4					
Direction	Byte	byte, 0 for right and 1 for left					
Length	Byte	1 byte, length in pixels of the graph, va	ue between 0 and 100				

3.11 Initialize	Dec	254 115			v5.0
Narrow Vertical Bar	Hex	FE 73			
	ASCII	■ S			

Loads the narrow horizontal bar graph custom character bank into memory. A narrow bar is 2 pixels wide. Horizontal bar characters must be initialized before a graph is displayed.

3.12 Initialize Wide	Dec	254 118					
Vertical Bar	Hex	FE 76					
	ASCII	■ V					

Loads the wide horizontal bar graph custom character bank into memory. A wide bar is 5 pixels wide. Horizontal bar characters must be initialized before a graph is displayed.

3.13 Place	Dec	254 61	254 61 Column Length v5.0							
Vertical Ba	r Hex	FE 3D	Column Length							
	ASC	CII ■ =	Column Length							
Places a ve	rtical ba	r graph on the s	ph on the screen extending from the first row of the column specified. The bar extends							
upwards to	the len	gth indicated. A	dicated. A new bar will over write the old.							
Column	Byte	Value betweer	alue between 1 and 20.							
Length	Byte	Height in pixel	Height in pixels of the graph, value between 0 and 32.							

6.4 General Purpose Output

4.1 General Purpose	Dec	254 87	Number	v5.0
Output On	Нех	FE 57	Number	
	ASCII	■ W	Number	
Turns the specified GP	D on, sinki	ng current	to an output of zero volts.	
Number Byte GPC	to be turr	ned on.		
4.2 General Purnose	Dec	254 86	Number	v5.0

4.2 General Purpo	ose Dec	254 86	Number	v5.0			
Output Off	Hex	FE 56	Number				
	ASCII	■ V	Number				
Turns the specifie	d GPO off, sour	cing curren	from an output of five volts.				
Number Byte	Number Byte GPO to be turned off.						

4.3 Set Sta	art Up	Dec	254 195	Number	[·] State	v5.0
GPO State		Нех	FE C3	Number	State	
		ASCII	■ -	Number	State	
Sets and s	aves the	start up s	state of the s	pecified C	GPO in non volatile memor	y. Changes will be seen on start up.
Number	Byte	GPO to b	e controlled			
State	Byte	1 for on o	or 0 for off.			

LED Indicators

The LK204-7T-1U has 6 General Purpose Outputs which control 3 bi-colour LEDs. Red, green, and orange-yellow colours can be created using these software controlled GPOs. Odd numbered GPOs control red while even numbers switch the green aspects of the LEDs, as shown in the table below.

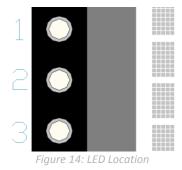


Table 14: LED Output										
LED	GPO	Yellow	Green	Red	Off					
1	1	On	Off	On	Off					
Ţ	2	On	On	Off	Off					
2	3	On	Off	On	Off					
2	4	On	On	Off	Off					
3	5	On	Off	On	Off					
3	6	On	On	Off	Off					

6.5 Dallas One-Wire

5.1 Search for a	Dec	254 200 2
One-Wire Device	Hex	FE C8 02
	ASCII	🔳 🖳 SOT

Sends a search query to each of the up to 32 devices on the one wire bus. Any connected device will respond with an identification packet.

Response Bytes [14] Dallas One-Wire identification packet as shown below.

Table 15: Dallas One-Wire Packet Information	
----------------------------------------------	--

Offset	Length	Value	Description					
0	2	9002	Preamble					
2	1	138	Another device packet will follow OR					
Z	T	10	Last device packet					
3	1	49	Packet Type					
4	1	0	Error Code (0 indicates success)					
5	8		Device Address					
13	1	0	CRC8 address check (0 indicates validity)					

5.2 Dallas On	e-Wire	Dec 254 200	1 Flags Send Bits Receive Bits Data v5.0			
Transaction		Hex FE C8 0				
		ASCII 🔳 🗳 ST	x Flags Send Bits Receive Bits Data			
Performs a sin	ngle Dallas	1-Wire transaction. C	onsult your device documentation for information regarding device			
specific proto	cols. If an	error is encountered, a	a corresponding value will be returned by the device.			
Flags	Byte	Flags for transaction	, see below.			
Send Bits	Byte	Number of bytes to be sent to the device.				
Receive Bits	Byte	Number of bytes expected to be received from the device.				
Data	Byte(s)	Data to be transmitt	ed LSB to MSB.			

Table 16: Dallas One-Wire Flags

Bit	Flag Description
7	
6	Unused
5	
4	0 (Future Compatibility)
3	Add CRC8 to transaction
2	0 (Future Compatibility)
1	Read CRC8 from transaction
0	Reset Bus prior to transaction

Table 17: Dallas One-Wire Errors

Code	Error Description
0	Success
1	Unknown Command
2	No Devices Found
3	Fatal Search Error

6.6 Keypad

6.1 Auto Transmi	Dec	c 254 6
Key Presses On	Нех	x FE 4
	ASCII	CII

Key presses are automatically sent to the host when received by the display. Default is Auto Transmit on.

6.2 Auto Transmi	Dec	254 79
Key Presses Off	Hex	FE 4F
	ASCII	0

Key presses are held in the 10 key buffer to be polled by the host using the Poll Key Press command. Use this mode for I2C transactions. Default is Auto Transmit on.

6.3 Poll Key	Dec	254 38	v5.0
Press	Нех	FE 26	
	ASCII	■ &	
be 1, the MSB	s will be 0	key press from the 10 key display buffer. If another key is stored in the buffer the MS 0 when the last key press is read. If there are no stored key presses a value of 0 will b nit key presses must be turned off for this command to be successful.	
Response B	Byte Va	alue of key pressed (MSb determines additional keys to be read).	

	6.4 Clear Key	Dec	254 69					
	Buffer	Hex	FE 45					
ASCII		ASCII	∎ E					

Clears all key presses from the key buffer.

6.5 Set Debounce	Dec	254 85	Time v	5.0
Time	Hex	FE 55	Time	
	ASCII	∎ U	Time	
Sets the time betwe	en a key p	press and a	key read by the display. Most switches will bounce when pressed; the	

debounce time allows the switch to settle for an accurate read. Default is 8 representing approximately 52ms. Time Byte Debounce increment (debounce time = Time * 6.554ms).

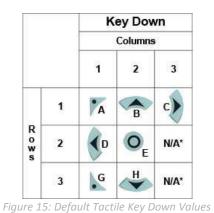
6.6 Set Auto	Dec	254 126	Mode	v5.0		
Repeat Mode	Hex	FE 7E	Mode			
	ASCII	DEL	Mode			
Sets key press repeat mode to typematic or hold. In typematic mode if a key press is held, the key value is transmitted immediately, then 5 times a second after a 1 second delay. In hold mode, the key down value is transmitted once when pressed, and then the key up value is sent when the key is released. Default is typematic.						

Mode Byte 1 for hold mode or 0 for typematic.

Turns auto repeat mode off. Default is on (typematic).

6.8 Assign Keypad	Dec	254 213	Key Down Key Up	v5.0
Codes	Hex	FE D5	Key Down Key Up	
	ASCII	■ F	Key Down Key Up	
Assigns the key down	n and key u	p values se	nt to the host when a key press is detected. A key up and key down	

value must	be sent for eve	ery key, a value of 255 will leave the key unaltered. Defaults are shown below.
Key Down	Bytes [25]	Key down values, beginning at row one column one moving right then down.
Key Up	Bytes [25]	Key up values, beginning at row one column one moving right then down.



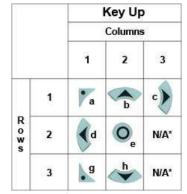


Figure 16: Default Tactile Key Up Values

*Note: Values are not mapped to a physical key.

6.9 Keypad	Dec	254 155		
Backlight Off	Hex	FE 9B		
	ASCII	■ ¢		
Turns the keyp	ad backli	ght off.		

6.10 Set Keypad) t	Dec 254 156	Brightness	v5.0			
Brightness	l I	lex FE 9C	Brightness				
		\SCII ■ £	Brightness				
Immediately sets the keypad brightness. On time is set using the Backlight On command. Default is 255.							
Brightness By	/te	Brightness level from	m 0(Dim) to 255(Bright).				

6.11 Set Auto	Dec	254 157	Setting	v5
Backlight	Hex	FE 9D	Setting	
	ASCII	∎¥	Setting	

Set the way the display and keypad backlights respond when a key is pressed. The options in the tables below allow a keypress to turn on the display and/or keypad backlights after they have timed out or been turned off. Setting Byte What portions of the unit light on a keypress, if any, and if that press is returned.

Table 18: AutoBacklight Settings

	Transmit First Keypress		Omit First Keypress
0	No Lighting Change	8	No Lighting Change
1	Light Keypad Backlight	9	Light Keypad Backlight
2	Light Display Backlight	10	Light Display Backlight
3	Light Keypad and Display	11	Light Keypad and Display

6.7 Display Functions

7.1 Backlight	Dec	254 66	Minutes v5.0
On	Hex	FE 42	Minutes
	ASCII	B	Minutes
Turns the disp	lay backlig	ght on for a	specified length of time. If an inverse display color is used this command will
essentially tur	n on the t	ext.	
		· · ·	

Minutes Byte Number of minutes to leave backlight on, a value of 0 leaves the display on indefinitely.

7.2 Backlight	Dec	254 70					v5
Off	Hex	FE 46					
	ASCII	■ F					

Turns the display backlight off. If an inverse display colour is used this command will turn off the text.

7.3 Set	Dec	254 153	Brightness	v5.0				
Brightness	Hex	FE 99	Brightness					
	ASCII	∎Ö	Brightness					
Immediately	Immediately sets the backlight brightness. If an inverse display color is used this represents the text colour							
intensity ins	intensity instead. Default is 255.							
Brightness	Brightness Byte Brightness level from 0(Dim) to 255(Bright).							

7.4 Set and Sa	ve Dec	254 152	Brightness	v5.0				
Brightness	Нех	FE 98	Brightness					
	ASCII	■ ÿ	Brightness					
Immediately s	Immediately sets and saves the backlight brightness. Although brightness can be changed using the set command,							
it is reset to this saved value on start up. Default is 255.								
Brightness I	Brightness Byte Brightness level from 0(Dim) to 255(Bright).							

7.5 Set B	acklight	Dec 254 130	Red Green Blue	v5.0		
Colour		Hex FE 82	Red Green Blue			
		ASCII ∎ é	Red Green Blue			
Set the c	Set the colour of a tri-colour backlight. Only for tri-colour displays. Default is white (255, 255, 255).					
Red	Byte	Brightness level of Re	rightness level of Red from 0(Dim) to 255(Bright).			
Green	Byte	Brightness level of G	rightness level of Green from 0(Dim) to 255(Bright).			
Blue	Byte	Brightness level of Bl	ue from 0(Dim) to 255(Bright).			

7.6 Set	Dec	254 80	Contrast v5.0				
Contrast	Hex	FE 50	Contrast				
	ASCII	■ P	Contrast				
Immediately	Immediately sets the contrast between background and text. If an inverse display color is used this also represents						
the text brightness. Default is 128.							
Contrast	Byte C	ontrast leve	el from 0(Light) to 255(Dark).				

7.7 Set and Save	Dec 254 1	5 Contrast v5.0				
Contrast	Hex FE	1 Contrast				
	ASCII	æ Contrast				
Immediately sets an	Immediately sets and saves the contrast between background and text. Although contrast can be changed using					
the set command, it is reset to this saved value on start up. Default is 128.						
Contrast Byte	Contrast level from	n 0(Light) to 255(Dark).				

6.8 Data Security

8.1 Set	Dec	254 147	Switch v5.0
Remember	Hex	FE 93	Switch
	ASCII	∎ ô	Switch
Allows chang	to sne	rific settings	to be saved to the display memory. Writing to non-volatile memory can be slow

Allows changes to specific settings to be saved to the display memory. Writing to non-volatile memory can be slow and each change consumes 1 write of at least 100,000 available. The Command Summary outlines which commands are saved always, never, and when this command is on only. Remember is off by default. Switch Byte 1 for on or 0 for off.

8.2 Set Data	Dec	254 202 245 160	Level v5.0	1
Lock	Hex	FE CA F5 A0	Level	
	ASCII	∎≞∫á	Level	
Temporarily loc	ks certain	aspects of the displa	ay to ensure no inadvertent changes are made. The lock is released	ſ.

Temporarily locks certain aspects of the display to ensure no inadvertent changes are made. The lock is releasedafter a power cycle. A new level overrides the old, and levels can be combined. Default is 0.LevelByteLock level, see Data Lock Bits table.

Table 19: Data Lock Bits							
Display	Command	Reserved	Setting	Address	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Table 20: Lock Parameters

Reserved	Place holders only, should be 0
Address	Locks the Baud Rate and I2C address
Setting	Locks all settings from being saved
Command	Locks all commands, text can still be written
Display	Locks entire display, no new text can be displayed

8.3 Set and Save	Dec 254 203 245 160	Level	v5.0			
Data Lock	Hex FE CB F5 A0	Level				
	ASCII ∎⊤∫á	Level				
Locks certain aspec	Locks certain aspects of the display to ensure no inadvertent changes are made. The lock is not affected by a					
power cycle. A new level overrides the old, and levels can be combined. Default is 0.						
Level Byte Se	ee Data Lock Bits table.					

6.9 Miscellaneous

9.1 Write	Dec	254 52	Data v	5.0
Customer Data	Нех	FE 34	Data	
	ASCII	4	Data	
Saves a user defi	ned block	of data to r	non-volatile memory. Useful for storing display information for later use.	
Data Byte [16]	User	defined data	Э.	

9.2 Read	Dec	254 53 v5.0
Customer Dat	ta <mark>Hex</mark>	FE 35
	ASCII	■ 5
Reads data pr	eviously wr	ten to non-volatile memory. Data is only changed when written, surviving power cycles.
Response	Byte [16]	Previously saved user defined data.

9.3 Read Versio	on l	Dec 254 54	v5.0	
Number		Hex FE 36		
		ASCII 6		
Causes display to respond with its firmware version number. Test.				
Response B	Byte	Convert to hexadecimal to view major and minor revision numbers.		

9.4 Read	De	254 55	v5.0
Module Type	Не	FE 37	
	AS	CII 7	
Causes displa	ay to re	spond with its module number.	
Response	Byte	Module number, see Sample Module Type Response	es for a partial list.

Table 21: Sample Module Type Responses

2B LK204-7T-1U 2C LK204-7T-USB

7 Appendix

7.1 Command Summary

Available commands below include identifying number, required parameters, the returned response and an indication of whether settings are remembered always, never, or with remember set to on.

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Change Baud Rate	57	39	9	Byte	None	Always
Change I ² C Slave Address	51	33	3	Byte	None	Always
Transmission Protocol Select	160	A0	á	Byte	None	Remember On
Set a Non-Standard Baud Rate	164	A4	ñ	Byte	None	Always

Table 22: Communication Command Summary

Table 23: Text Command Summary

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Clear Screen	88	58	Х	None	None	Never
Change the Start Up Screen	64	40	@	Byte[]	None	Always
Auto Scroll On	81	51	Q	None	None	Remember On
Auto Scroll Off	82	52	R	None	None	Remember On
Set Auto Line Wrap On	67	43	С	None	None	Remember On
Set Auto Line Wrap Off	68	44	D	None	None	Remember On
Set Cursor Position	71	47	G	Byte[2]	None	Never
Go Home	72	48	Н	None	None	Never
Move Cursor Back	76	4C	L	None	None	Never
Move Cursor Forward	77	4D	М	None	None	Never
Underline Cursor On	74	4A	J	None	None	Remember On
Underline Cursor Off	75	4B	К	None	None	Remember On
Blinking Block Cursor On	83	53	S	None	None	Remember On
Blinking Block Cursor Off	84	54	Т	None	None	Remember On

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Create a Custom Character	78	4E	N	Byte[9]	None	Remember On
Save Custom Characters	193	C1	ñ	Byte[10]	None	Always
Load Custom Characters	192	C0	L	Byte	None	Never
Save Start Up Screen Custom Characters	194	C2	т	Byte[9]	None	Always
Initialize Medium Numbers	109	6D	m	None	None	Never
Place Medium Numbers	111	6F	0	Row, Col, Digit	None	Never
Initialize Large Numbers	110	6E	n	None	None	Never
Place Large Numbers	35	23	#	Col, Digit	None	Never
Initialize Horizontal Bar	104	68	h	None	None	Never
Place Horizontal Bar Graph	124	7C	Ι	Col, Row, Dir, Length	None	Never
Initialize Narrow Vertical Bar	115	73	S	None	None	Never
Initialize Wide Vertical Bar	118	76	v	None	None	Never
Place Vertical Bar	61	3D	=	Col, Length	None	Never

Table 24: Special Character Command Summary

Table 25: General Purpose Output Command Summary

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
General Purpose Output On	86	56	V	Byte	None	Never
General Purpose Output Off	87	57	W	Byte	None	Never
Set Start Up GPO State	195	C3	F	Byte[2]	None	Always

Table 26: Dallas One-Wire Command Summary

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Search for a One-Wire Device	200, 2	C8, 02	[⊥] , sot	None	Byte[14]	Never
Dallas One-Wire Transaction	200, 1	C8, 01	[⊥] , stx	Byte[3], Byte[]	Byte[]	Never

Table 27: Keypad Command Summary

Name	Dec	Нех	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Auto Transmit Key Presses On	65	41	А	None	None	Remember On
Auto Transmit Key Presses Off	79	4F	`	None	None	Remember On
Poll Key Press	38	26	&	None	Byte	Never
Clear Key Buffer	69	45	Е	None	None	Never
Set Debounce Time	85	55	U	Byte	None	Remember On
Set Auto Repeat Mode	126	7E	DEL	Mode	None	Remember On
Auto Repeat Mode Off	96	60	`	None	None	Remember On
Assign Keypad Codes	213	D5	Г	Byte[25], Byte[25]	None	Always
Keypad Backlight Off	155	98	¢	None	None	Never
Set Keypad Brightness	156	9C	£	Byte	None	Remember On
Set Auto Backlight	157	9D	¥	Byte	None	Always

Table 28: Display Functions Command Summary

Name	Dec	Нех	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Backlight On	66	42	В	Byte	None	Remember On
Backlight Off	70	46	F	None	None	Remember On
Set Brightness	153	99	Ö	Byte	None	Remember On
Set and Save Brightness	152	98	ÿ	Byte	None	Always
Set Backlight Colour	130	82	é	Byte[3]	None	Remember On
Set Contrast	80	50	Р	Byte	None	Remember On
Set and Save Contrast	145	91	æ	Byte	None	Always

Table 29: Data Security Command Summary

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Set Remember	147	93	ô	Byte	None	Always
Set Data Lock	202, 245, 160	CA, F5, A0	≞ ,], á	Byte	None	Remember On
Set and Save Data Lock	203, 245, 160	CB, F5, A0	፹ , ∫, á	Byte	None	Always

Table 30: Miscellaneous Command Summary

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Write Customer Data	52	34	4	Byte[16]	None	Always
Read Customer Data	53	35	5	None	Byte[16]	Never
Read Version Number	54	36	6	None	Byte	Never
Read Module Type	55	37	7	None	Byte	Never

7.2 Character Sets

			ł	lighe	r 4-b	it (D4	to l	D7) o	f Cha	aract	er Co	ode (Hexa	deci	mal)		
	-	0	1	2	з	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	в	С	D	Е	F
	0	CG RAM (1)			Ø	9	P	•	₽÷-					9	Ξ.	Ċ	p
	1	CG RAM (2)		!	1	P	Q	.3	-4				P	÷	ć,	ä	q
	2	CG RAM (3)			2	В	R	b	ŀ			ľ	4	Ņ	×	P	Θ
	3	CG RAM (4)		#		0			<u>.</u>			!	ņ	7	Ŧ	۳.	
al)	4	CG RAM (5)		\$	4	D	Τ	C	t.			·	1	ŀ	†?	L.4	<u>.</u>
xadecim	5	CG RAM (6)		2		<u>.</u>		@	l			:	7	<u></u>		S	<u>.</u>
Code (He	6	CG RAM (7)		8	6	-	U	Ŧ	Ų			Ņ	17			p	2
aracter (7	CG RAM (8)		3	7	9	IJ	9	l,,I			7	Ŧ	3	7	g	π
03) of Ch	8	CG RAM (1)		Ć	8	$\left\ \cdot \right\ $	X	h	×			4	0	\$	Ņ	.,17	<u>.</u>
Lower 4-bit (D0 to D3) of Character Code (Hexadecimal)	9	CG RAM (2))	9	1	Ŷ	1	<u>ا</u> يا			÷	Ţ	,	II.	1	<u> </u>
wer 4-bi	A	CG RAM (3)		:4:	::		2	j	2					ù	Ŀ		#
Γ	в	CG RAM (4)			;	K	Ľ	k	4			7	Ņ	<u>!</u>		×	37
	с	CG RAM (5)		;:		l	¥	1	l			17	2,	.,	ņ	\$	PH
	D	CG RAM (6)				M]	m	2				2	÷.,	 	ŧ	. <u>.</u>
	E	CG RAM (7)		::	2	ŀ·	·^.	ŀ'n	÷				Ľ	7	•••	P	
	F	CG RAM (8)			?	0		O	÷			•::•	9	~		Ö	

Figure 17: LK204-7T-1U Japanese Character Set

7.3 Environmental Specifications

Table 31: Environmental Limits

	Standard	Extended (-E)			
Operating Temperature	0°C to +50°C	-20°C to +70°C			
Storage Temperature	-10°C to +60°C	-30°C to +80°C			
Operating Relative Humidity	Maximum 90% non-condensing				
Thermal Shock	Maximum 10°C /min				

7.4 Electrical Tolerances

Current Consumption

Table 32: Current ConsumptionBoard
60mABacklight
50 to 200 mAGPOs
20mA each maximumTable 33: Backlight Current DrawYGGW & WBTCI
200mA100mA50mA200mA

Input Voltage Specifications

Table 34: Voltage Specifications

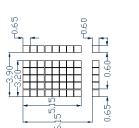
Low Voltage (-LV)	Standard*
3.3V	4.75-5.25V

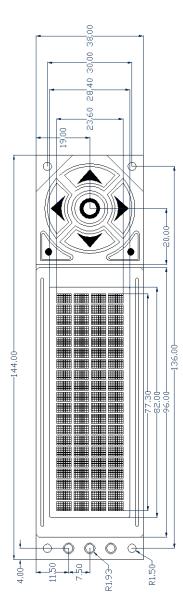
7.5 Optical Characteristics

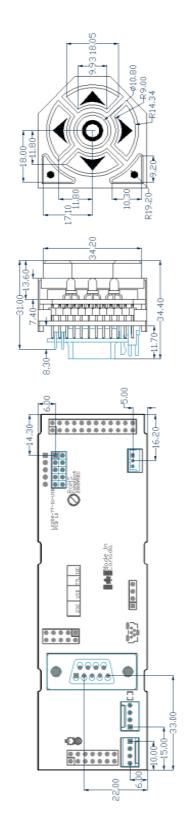
	LCD Model	
Module Size	142.00 x 38.00 x 36.0	mm
Viewing Area	82.0 x 36.0	mm
Active Area	77.0 x 23.6	mm
Character Size	3.20 x 5.15	mm
Character Pitch	3.90 x 6.15	mm
Pixel Size	0.60 x 0.60	mm
Pixel Pitch	0.65 x 0.65	mm
Viewing Direction	12	O'clock
Viewing Angle	-30 to +30	0
Contrast Ratio	3	
Backlight Half-Life (YG)	50,000	Hours
Backlight Half-Life (GW & WB)	20,000	Hours
Backlight Half-Life (TCI)	10,000	Hours

Table 35: Display Optics

7.6 Dimensional Drawings







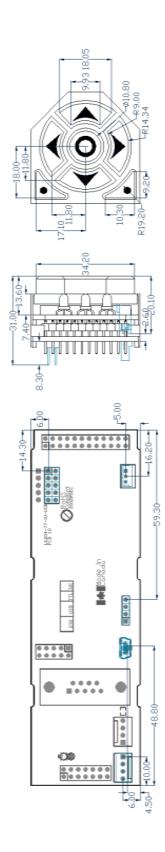


Figure 18: Display Dimensional Drawing

Figure 20: USB Model Drawing

8 Ordering

8.1 Part Numbering Scheme

Table 36: Part Numbering Scheme

LK	-204	-7T	-1U	-USB	-TCI		-E
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

8.2 Options

Table 37: Display Options

#	Designator	Options		
1	Product Type	LK: Liquid Crystal Display with Keypad Input		
2	Display Size	-204: 20 Columns by 4 Rows		
3	Keypad Size	-7T: Seven Integrated Tactile Keys		
4	Form Factor	-1U: Fits a 1U Opening		
5	5 Protocol	NP*: Standard Model		
5		-USB: USB Only Model		
6	Colour	-YG: Black Text with Yellow-Green Backgroun -GW: Grey Text with Grey-White Backgroun -WB: White Text with Blue Background -TCI: Tricolour Text with Black Background		
7	Voltage	-LV: Low Voltage (3.3V) NP*: Standard Voltage (4.75-5.25V)		
8	Temperature	NP*: Standard -E: Extended Temperature		

*Note: NP means No Populate; skip this designator in the part number and move to the next option.

8.3 Accessories

Power

Tahle	38.	Power	Accessories	
IUDIC	50.	1 000001	/1000300/103	

PCS	Standard Power Cable	
Communication	Table 39: Communication Accessories	
CSS4FT	4 ft. Serial Cable	
EXTMUSB3FT	Mini-USB Cable	
INTMUSB3FT	Internal Mini-USB Cable	
SCCPC5V	Serial Communication/5V Power Cable	
BBC	Breadboard Cable	

Peripherals

Table 40: Peripheral Accessories

Temperature Probe	Dallas One-Wire Temperature Probe	
Mounting	Table 41: Mounting Accessories	
B19264-BK	Black 7T-1U Mounting Bracket	

9 Definitions

ASCII: American standard code for information interchange used to give standardized numeric codes to alphanumeric characters.

BPS: Bits per second, a measure of transmission speed.

DOW: Dallas One-Wire protocol, similar to I²C, provides reduced data rates at a greater distance. One wire carries data, while two others supply power and ground. Matrix Orbital tests non-parasitic devices only, those that do not draw power from the data line; however, some parasitic devices may work.

FFSTN: Double film super-twisted nematic in reference to an LCD. The addition of two layers of film between the STN display and polarizer improves contrast.

GPO: General purpose output, used to control peripheral devices from a display.

GUI: Graphical user interface.

Hexadecimal: A base 16 number system utilizing symbols 0 through F to represent the values 0-15.

 I^2C : Inter-integrated circuit protocol uses clock and data lines to communicate short distances at slow speeds from a master to up to 128 addressable slave devices. A display is a slave device.

LSB: Least significant bit or byte in a transmission, the rightmost when read.

MSB: Most significant bit or byte in a transmission, the leftmost when read.

RS232: Recommended standard 232, a common serial protocol. A low level is -30V, a high is +30V.

RS422: Recommended standard 422, a more robust differential pair serial protocol.

SDA: Serial data line used to transfer data in I^2 C protocol. This open drain line should be pulled high through a resistor. Nominal values are between 1K and 10K Ω .

SCL: Serial clock line used to designate data bits in I²C protocol. This open drain line should be pulled high through a resistor. Nominal values are between 1K and 10K Ω .

STN: Super-twisted nematic in reference to an LCD. In a relaxed or nematic state, crystals orientate themselves in the same direction and allow light to pass. In an excited state these crystals align to block light. Super-twisted crystals move from 180 to 270 degrees providing greater contrast than TN models.

TTL: Transistor-transistor logic applied to serial protocol. Low level is 0V while high logic is 5V.

10 Contact

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